

Answers to Final Review Problems

- (b) 7 (c) $6/7$ (d) $(18/5, 24/5, 0)$
- (a) 6, 4
 (b) Nul A: $\{[-2, 1, 0, 0, 0, 0], [1, 0, -2, -1, 1, 0], [0, 0, -1, -2, 0, 1]\}$;
 Col A: $\{[1, 1, 1, 3], [0, 1, 0, 1], [1, 1, 2, 4]\}$
 (c) No; No (d) $\{-2x_2 + x_5, x_2, -2x_5 + 1, -x_5 + 2, x_5\}$
- $\det(A) = \lambda_1 \lambda_2 \cdots \lambda_n$
- It is not a subspace, since it is not closed under either scalar multiplication or addition.
- $A^T A = I$.
- (a) $c_{31} = 11, c_{32} = 4, c_{33} = 6$ (b) 1 (c) $\begin{bmatrix} -1 & 1 & 1 \\ 1 & -2 & 0 \\ 1 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$
- (a) 5, 7 (b) 5 (c) yes; maybe (d) 3 (e) 7, 5
- (a) W is a subspace of \mathfrak{R}^3 since it is the span of vectors in \mathfrak{R}^3 .
 (b) $\mathbf{v} = 2(2, 0, 1) + 3(-1, 0, 1)$ (d) $[2, 3]_B$
 (e) (ii) $[T]_B = \begin{bmatrix} 7/3 & -2/3 \\ 5/3 & -4/3 \end{bmatrix}$ (iii) $[8/3, -2/3]_B$
- (a) $[1, -7]$ (b) $B = \{(1, 1), (1, -1)\}$ (c) $\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} -1 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}_B = \begin{bmatrix} -3 \\ 4 \end{bmatrix}_B$
- (a) $A = \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -6 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$ (b) $\begin{bmatrix} 1/2 & 0 \\ -1/6 & 1/3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 5 & -2 \\ -6 & 3 \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} 2 & 0 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$
- (b) One possible basis is $\mathcal{B} = \{1 + 2t^2, t\}$
 (c.i) Answer will depend on basis \mathcal{B} used; for basis given above, the matrix is $\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 1 \\ 2 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$
 (c.ii) $(-1, 8)$.