

# On rearranged multiple Haar series

Julia Plotnikova

Vologda State Academy of Milk Industry, Russia

Almost 150 years ago Cantor proved that *if a trigonometric series  $TS = \frac{a_0}{2} + \sum_{n=1}^{\infty} a_n \cos nx + b_n \sin nx$  everywhere converges to zero then  $TS$  is the trivial series*. We say that *uniqueness holds* for a system of functions and for some summation method if the analog of the Cantor theorem is true.

Consider the multivariate Haar system  $\{\prod_{i=1}^d H_{n_i}(x_i)\}$ . Skvortsov proved [?] that uniqueness holds for rectangular convergence. In contrast, Plotnikov established that uniqueness does not hold for square convergence. Moreover, for  $\lambda$ -convergent (= convergent over  $\lambda$ -regular rectangles) double Haar series, uniqueness does not hold if  $\lambda < \sqrt{2}/2$  but holds if  $\lambda > \sqrt{2}/2$  (see [?]).

For some rearrangements of the system  $\{H_n(x)H_m(y)\}$ , non-trivial everywhere  $\lambda$ -convergent series exist even if  $\lambda < 2$  (see [?]). The constant 2 is the best if we consider some natural class of rearrangements. The following is true.

**Theorem 1.** *Let  $T$  be any permutation of the set  $\{0, 1, \dots\}$  such that  $T$  preserves all dyadic blocks  $\{2^{k-1}, \dots, 2^k - 1\}$ . Then uniqueness holds for the system  $\{H_{T(n)}(x)H_{T(m)}(y)\}_{n,m=0}^{\infty}$  under  $\lambda$ -convergence whenever  $\lambda \geq 2$ .*

In conclusion, we discuss some uniqueness problems concerning multiple series with respect to other systems of functions. In the case of rectangle convergence, uniqueness holds for the trigonometric system [?], for the Walsh system [?], and for the Franklin system [?]. Uniqueness also holds for spherical convergent multiple trigonometric series [?]. But the cases of square convergence and  $\lambda$ -convergence lead to open questions, even in dimension 2.

## Bibliography

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