

Approximation by multivariate quasi-projection operators

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Quasi-projection operators

$$Q_j(f; \tilde{\varphi}, \varphi) = |\det M|^j \sum_{k \in \mathbb{Z}} \langle f, \tilde{\varphi}(M^j \cdot -k) \rangle \varphi(M^j \cdot -k),$$

where M is a matrix dilation, is studied for a class of band-limited functions φ and different classes of functions/distributions $\tilde{\varphi}$. An important special case is so-called Kantorovich-Kotelnikov type operators, where $\tilde{\varphi}$ is a summable function. The L_p -rate of convergence for such operators is given in terms of the classical moduli of smoothness. Several examples of the Kantorovich-Kotelnikov operators generated by the multivariate sinc-function and the linear combinations of its translations are provided. Similar estimates in the weighted L_p spaces are obtained under additional assumption of some smoothness of the Fourier transform of φ . This allows to estimate the error for reconstruction of signals (approximated functions) whose decay is not enough to be in L_p . Another special case is the sampling expansions, i.e., the case, where $\tilde{\varphi}$ is the Dirac delta-function. Approximation order in L_p -norm, $p \geq 2$, is investigated for such operators. These results are extended to the weighted L_p -norm for the Muckenhoupt weights.
